

## World Biochar Certificate (WBC)

11.10.2023





# WBC = EBC for the globe



WBC (2023): World Biochar Certificate – Guidelines for a Sustainable Production of Biochar and its Certification Carbon Standards International, Frick, Switzerland, (http://www.european-biochar.org), version 1.0 from 15<sup>th</sup> September 2023

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#### www.european-biochar.org





#### Advantages of WBC

- 1. Valid all over the world, except EU and EFTA states
- 2. Strong requirements on biochar, incl. biomass feedstock, biochar properties, pyrolysis technology sustainable production and no harm guaranteed!
- 3. Analytical parameters define the certification class of the biochar and its application (based on different national regulations, EBC and IBI)
- 4. WBC certified biochar can generate Carbon Sinks according to the EBC C-Sink Guidelines which are registered in our <u>Registry</u>



Member of

EASY-CER

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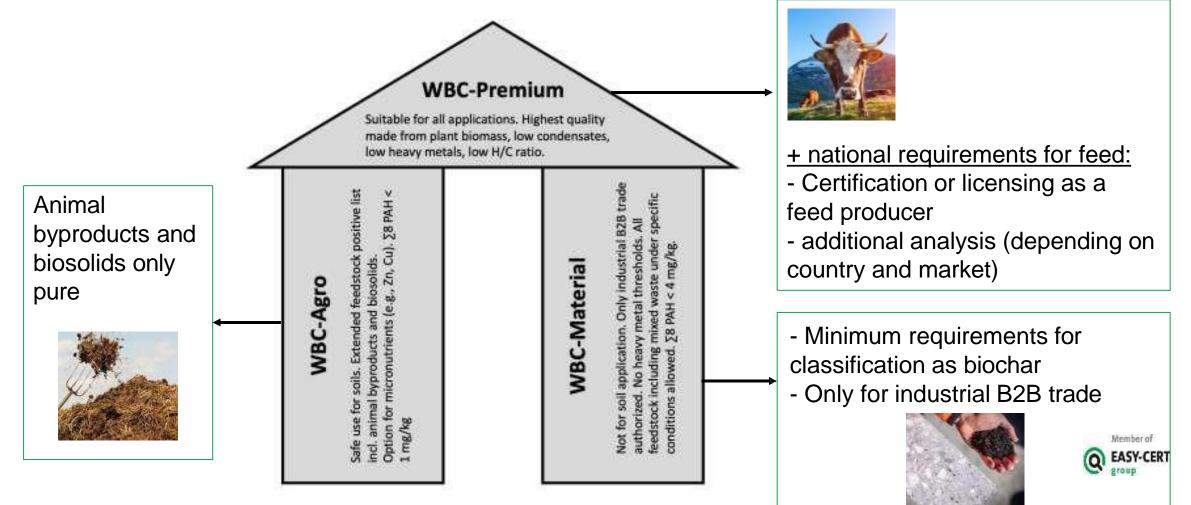
APPENDIX

- 1. Analytical methods basic package
- 2. Additional analytical parameters
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	WBC-Premium	EBC-FeedPlus
Pb	120 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	10 g t <sup>-1</sup> (88%DM)
Cd	1.5 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	0.8 g t <sup>-1</sup> (88%DM)
Cu	140 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	70 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
Ni	50 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	25 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
Hg	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	0.1 g t <sup>-1</sup> (88%DM)
Zn	420 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	200 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
Cr	100 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	70 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
As	13 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	2 g t <sup>-1</sup> (88%DM)
16 EPA PAH	6 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	6 ± 2.4 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
8 EFSA PAH	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM





	WBC-Agro	EBC-AgroOrganic	EBC-Agro	EBC-Urban
Pb	300 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	45 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	120 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	120 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
Cd	5 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	0.7 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	1.5 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	1.5 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
Cu	200 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	70 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	100 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	100 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
Ni	100 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	25 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	50 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	50 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
Hg	2 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	0.4 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
Zn	1000 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	200 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	400 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	400 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
Cr	200 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	70 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	90 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	90 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
As	20 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	13 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	13 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	13 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM
16 EPA PAH	declaration	6 ± 2.4 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	6 + 2.4 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	declaration
8 EFSA PAH	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM





	WBC-Material	EBC- Consumer Materials	EBC- Basic Materials
Pb		120 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	
Cd	to initial and the state of the	1.5 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	
Cu		100 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	to initial alles to continue to
Ni		50 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	
Hg		1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	
Zn	NI LA	400 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	
Cr		90 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	
As		13 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	
16 EPA PAH	declaration	declaration	declaration
8 EFSA PAH	4 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	1 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM	4 g t <sup>-1</sup> DM





#### **Chapter 4: Biomass feedstock**

- Positive list of permissible biomasses (<u>LINK</u>)
  Only biomass allowed, derived from photosynthesis, no fossil carbon
- Mixed waste with fossil carbon possible if properly tracked, approved by CSI.
- Land management for primary agricultural products should preserve soil organic carbon.
- Forest wood: PEFC/FSC certified or regional standards; provide a dossier to verify no clearcutting.
- Manure must meet WBC-Agro and WBC-Materials standards, pyrolysis at >500°C for 3 mins.





#### **Chapter 6: Biochar Sampling**

- One representative sample per batch
- Sampling plan is required
- Use e-learning for EBC sampling
- Factsheet EBC sampling training (<u>LINK</u>)





#### **Chapter 7: Biochar Properties**

No minimum biochar organic carbon ( $C_{org}$ ) content defined.

But CSI has the right to exclude biochar with properties highly atypical of specified feedstock, e.g. wood gasifier ash with only  $30\% C_{org}$ .





#### **Chapter 8: Pyrolysis technology**

- 1. Biomass pyrolysis must be operated in an energy efficient manner.
- 2. Pyrolysis gases must be recovered or burned.
- 3. Syngas combustion must comply with national emission limit values.
- 4. Biochar production must be carbon efficient and waste heat should be used.





## **Chapter 8: Pyrolysis technology**

Utilization of waste heat:

- Excess heat must be utilized to at least 70%.
- Transitional period: max. 3 years
  Within this period a solution for efficient waste heat recovery must be developed.
- Exception for heat recovery is possible in rare cases, e.g. mobile pyrolysis for debris and waste biomass pyrolysis.





#### **Chapter 11: Labelling**



#### Mandatory information on biochar:

- certification class
- Organic carbon content
- H/Corg ratio
- pH
- Dry weight
- Volume
- QR-code (available in EBC Portal)





## Chapter 12: Control, quality management and certification

Onsite inspection 1x per year and certification of biochar and C-sink by

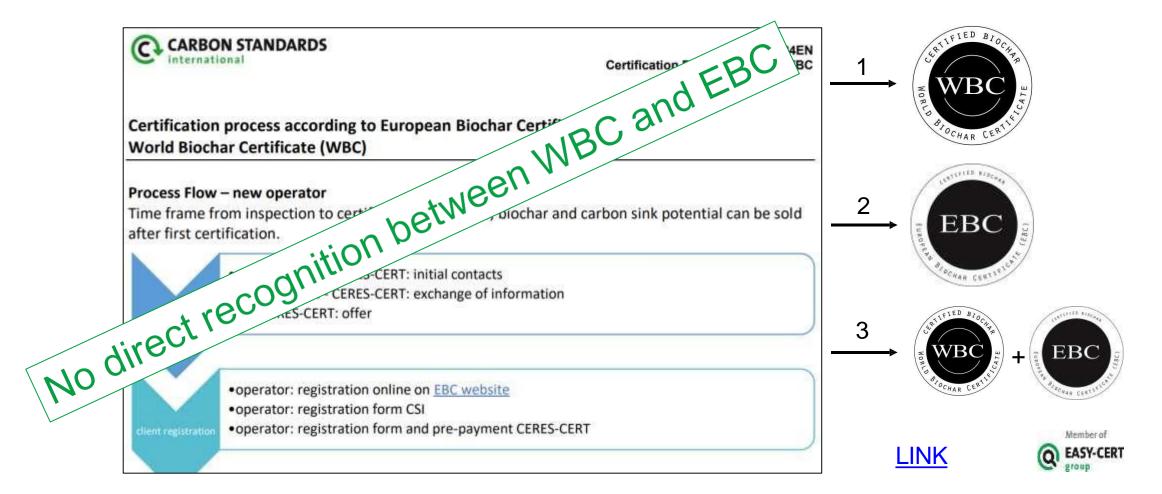


www.ceres-cert.de





#### Chapter 12: Control, quality management and certification





#### **Contact information**

Check out our WBC standard page: LINK

Do you need further information? Contact us directly at: info@carbon-standards.com

Phone number: +41 (0) 62 552 10 90





## Thank you for participating!

